Lesson Plan For *The* Cube

Unit number and title: 1.0- Cube Developed by: Thomas Pirie

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Short Description: Students will Draw Project Plans for a <u>Cube</u> which will then be fabricated as a usable esthetically appealing covered box in the Woodshop.

TEACHER: Teacher Prep/Lesson Plan

• Lesson Objectives

- 1. Students sketch and Draw Cubic Box dimensionally accurate to be built in Woods
- 2. Upon instructors descrition students can construct a mock up of the the cube using thick cardboard.
- 3. Students will be able upon completion of lab be able to determine the accurate dimensions for cube using different wood stock dimensions.
- 4. Box must have removable top and comply with cube parameters.
- 5. Students draw 4 views, Top, Front, Side and Oblique view of Cube.
- 6. Students will Construct in Woodshop a perfect Cube. All finished dimensions must be the same.

• Statement of pre-requisite skills needed

- 1. Students need to be able to read tape measure and ruler to 1/16 accuracy.
- 2. Students need to be able to add and subtract simple fractions.
- 3. Students will have had previous units on sketching and drawing of 4 views of objects.

• Strategies and Design perimeters

- Students will be given samples of different thicknesses of wood which can be used to construct a cube
- Bottom of cube must not be visible from the sides.
- New Vocabulary:
- Cube.
- Inside and outside dimensions.
- Scale drawings
- Materials used graph paper ruler pencils

Math: EALR 1: The student understands and applies the concepts and procedures of mathematics.

COMPONENT 1.2: Understand and apply concepts and procedures from measurement.

- 1.2.1 Understand the relationship between change in one or two linear dimension(s) and corresponding change in perimeter, area, surface area, and volume. W
 - **EXAMPLES**
 - EX Determine and/or describe the impact of a change in two linear dimensions on perimeter, area, surface area, and/or volume.
 - Describe how changes in one or more linear dimensions affect perimeter, area, and/or volume in real-world situations.
 - Ex Determine the change in one or more linear dimensions given a change in perimeter, area, surface area, and/or volume.

COMPONENT 1.3: Understand and apply concepts and procedures from geometric sense.

1.3.1 Understand the properties of and the relationships among 1-dimensional, 2-dimensional, and 3-dimensional shapes and figures. W

EXAMPLES

- EX Make and test conjectures about 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional shapes and their individual attributes and relationships using physical, symbolic, and technological models.
- EX Use the relationship between similar figures to determine the scale factor.
- EX Match or draw a 3-dimensional figure that could be formed by folding a given net.
- 1.3.2 Use the properties of and relationships among 1-dimensional, 2-dimensional, and 3-dimensional shapes and figures including prisms, cylinders, cones, and pyramids. W

EXAMPLES

- EX Match or draw 3-dimensional objects from different views using the same properties and relationships.
- EX Sort, classify, and label prisms, cylinders, cones, and pyramids.

Reading:

Component 1.2 Use vocabulary (word meaning) strategies to comprehend text.

1.2.2 Apply strategies to comprehend words and ideas.

- Use word origins to determine the meaning of unknown words.
- Use <u>vocabulary strategies</u> to understand new words and concepts in <u>informational/expository text</u> and <u>literary/narrative text</u>.
- Use graphic features to clarify and extend meaning.

Writing: Component 3.3: Knows and applies writing conventions appropriate for the grade level. W

3.3.1 Uses legible handwriting.

• Produces readable printing or cursive handwriting (e.g., size, spacing, formation, uppercase and lowercase).

1. Set-up information (Remind students to follow these basic rules.)

- > Students are to draw all plans neatly with accurate line connections. Keep erasers to a minimum. All fractional dimensions need to be 100% accurate.
- ➤ All drawing will be done to scale

• Teacher Assessment of student learning (scoring guide, rubric)

- > Student's drawings are to scale 1 to 1
- All lines are clearly drawn and dimensions are labeled
- All overall dimensions add up to equal numbers to comply with cubic requirements.
- Top of Box has system to secure it in place while upright.
- Summary of learning
- Students learn to visualize object, sketch and draw object, eventually build object, finish (sand, stain, clear coat) esthetically and take object as potential gift.
- Optional activities

Students can line the box with cloth material

• Career Applications

Opportunities in Cabinetry, Furniture making, and General Carpentry

Math Council

https://wa-appliedmath.org/