WAMC Lab Template

Math Concept(s): Volume of Cones

Source / Text:

Developed by: Heather Brase E-Mail: hbrase@northmasonschools.org Date: June 22, 2022

Attach the following documents:

Lab Instructions

Student Handout(s)

Rubric and/or Assessment Tool

Short Description (Be sure to include where in your instruction this lab takes place):

Students will have designated flower and garden boxes around campus to measure. The goal is for students to calculate the amount and cost of the soil needed for the box.

Lab Plan

Lab Title: Cost of Potting Soil

Prerequisite skills: Students need to know how to use measuring tools accurately and with precision. Students also need to know the difference between and how to calculator perimeter, area, and volume.

Lab objective: Use precision with measuring tools to accurately measure the dimensions of a planter box and determine the amount of soil needed to fill the planter.

<u>Standards:</u> (Note SPECIFIC relationship to Science, Technology, and/or Engineering) Mathematics K–12 Learning Standards:

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.GMD.A.3
 Use volume formulas for cylinders, pyramids, cones, and spheres to solve problems.

Standards for Mathematical Practice:

- MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP4 Model with mathematics.
- MP5 Use appropriate tools strategically.
- MP6 Attend to precision.
- MP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

K-12 Learning Standards-ELA (Reading, Writing, Speaking & Listening):

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.9-10.2.D
 Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1
 - Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9-10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

• Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.

K-12 Science Standards

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Technology

- 3.a. Students plan and employ effective research strategies to locate information and other resources for their intellectual or creative pursuits.
- 3.b. Students evaluate the accuracy, perspective, credibility and relevance of information, media, data or other resources.
- 5.b. Students collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decisionmaking.
- 5.c. Students break problems into component parts, extract key information, and develop descriptive models to understand complex systems or facilitate problemsolving.

Engineering

• HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

Leadership/21st Century Skills:

☐ Global Awareness	heck those that apply to the above activity.) Financial/Economic/Business/Entrepreneurial L Environmental Literacy	iteracy Civic Literacy	
21st Century Skills (Check those that stu	udents will demonstrate in the above activity.)		
LEARNING AND INNOVATION	INFORMATION, MEDIA &	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	Productivity and
Creativity and Innovation	TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	Flexibility and Adaptability	<u>Accountability</u>
	Information Literacy	☐ Adapt to Change	☐ Manage Projects
		☐ Be Flexible	☑ Produce Results
☐ Implement Innovations	Use and manage Information	Initiative and Self-Direction	Leadership and
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	Media Literacy		Responsibility
□ Reason Effectively	Analyze Media	☐ Work Independently	☐ Guide and Lead
□ Use Systems Thinking	☐ Create Media Products	☐ Be Self-Directed Learners	Others
Make Judgments and Decisions	Information, Communications and	Social and Cross-Cultural	□ Be Responsible to
⊠ Solve Problems	Technology (ICT Literacy)		Others
Communication and Collaboration			
□ Communicate Clearly			
□ Collaborate with Others			

<u>Teacher Preparation: (What materials and set-up are required for this lab?)</u>

Materials

- Measuring tapes
- Calculators
- Student worksheet
- Different planter boxes around campus (it is best to pick these in advance and maybe label them)

Set-Up Required:

 Pick the planter boxes that are around campus that you want students to measure and have them labeled.

Lab Organization Strategies:

Cooperative Learning:

• Student will work in pairs: one taking measurements and one recording data.

Expectations:

• Students will work in pairs collaborating to collect all needed data in a timely manner with precision. Students will then work on completing the rest of the lab together with each person having designated tasks. One lab will be turned in per partnership.

Timeline:

• This lab should take about 25 minutes for data collecting and 30 minutes to complete the student worksheet and computations.

Post Lab Follow-Up/Conclusions:

Discuss real world application of learning from lab

- What if you were building a raised garden bed and needed different layers of material?
- What is you needed to fill tank with liquid (ie. Pool, fish tank, vases, etc.)

Career Applications

- Farming
- Gardening/landscaping
- Chefs/Bakers
- Machinists

Optional or Extension Activities

 Students can design a garden bed with a maximum area or volume at the lowest cost possible.

Student work

<u>Directions:</u> You and a partner will go around campus and locate the 6 planter boxes that I have marked. You will need to measure all dimensions for each planter. You will then return to the classroom and calculate the volume of soil needed for each planter. Last, you will need to research how much soil costs and figure out how much you need and what the total cost will be.

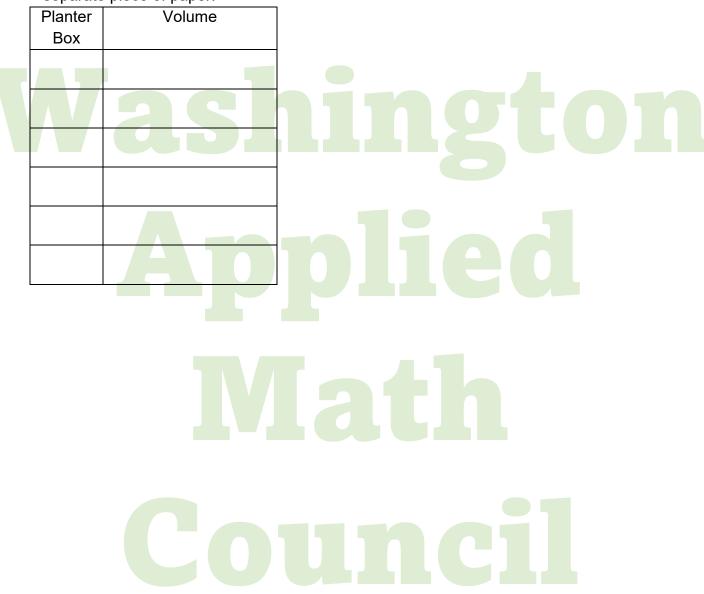
1. Use the table below to record your own data. You might need all columns for every planter.

Planter	Length	Width	Diameter	Surface Area
Box				
	751			
			4 h	

2. Use this space to sketch a model of each planter with its dimensions.



3. Calculate the Volume for each planter you measured. Show all work either below, or on a separate piece of paper.



4. Do a little research online potting soil. How potting soil much would you need and what would it cost to fill all the planters?

Name(s): Heather Brase

Email Address: hbrase@northmasonschools.org
Lesson Title: Volume of Cylinders and Cones

Date: June 22, 2022

Text: CORD: A Contextual Approach to Geometry

STEM Correlation: Engineering Lesson Length: 60 minutes

Big Idea (Cluster): Measuring in US Standard and Metric/Precision Measurement Mathematics K-12 Learning Standards: CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.GMD.A.3 Use volume formulas for cylinders, pyramids, cones, and spheres to solve problems. Mathematical Practice(s): Content Objectives: Language Objectives (ELL): Students will be able to calculate the Students will be able to define the vocabulary volume of cones and cylinders. words with 80% accuracy. Connections to Prior Learning Vocabulary: Volume Difference between area and volume Cylinder Calculating the area of a circle Cone The relationship between radius and diameter Height Diameter Radius Ρi Questions to Develop Mathematical Common Misconceptions: Thinking: Using length or width instead of radius and What formula do you need to use? diameter • What is the relationship between the Forgetting that a cone is 1/3 of a cylinder diameter and radius? Forgetting to multiply by the height What is the relationship between a Forgetting Pi cone and a cylinder? How would you calculate the size of

Assessment (Formative and Summative):

- Formative: Student check in during independent practice and the wrap up activity
- Summative: End of Unit Test

the circle part of a cylinder?

Materials:

- Calculators
- Student worksheets (Rally Coach, Independent Practice)

Instruction Plan:

Introduction: Students will be presented with an entry task as they come into the classroom. The entry task will be a KWL chart with an introduction problem where students will need to write down what they know and then what they wonder. After 2-3 minutes of independent thinking time, students will turn to their partner and spend another 2-3 minutes shar their knows and wonders. Review the KWL chart with the whole class and create a class chart to reference throughout the lesson.

Explore: Go over the example problems. After the examples, students will work in their pairs to complete the Rally Coach activity. Once they are done with their Rally Coach activity students will start on their independent practice.

When I observe students: When working in pairs I expect to see and hear students collaborating, talking, and working together. When working independently, I expect to see students working, reviewing their notes from the examples, and asking questions when they are stuck. I will be watching for those students who are doing nothing, or I know struggle to seek help and sitting with them for one-on-one help and encouragement.

Questions to Develop Mathematical Thinking as you observe:

- What formula do you need to use?
- What is the relationship between the diameter and radius?
- What is the relationship between a cone and a cylinder?
- How would you calculate the size of the circle part of a cylinder?

Answers:

- Either Cylinder (V = $\pi r^2 H$) or Cone (V = 1/3 $\pi r^2 h$)
- Diameter is twice the size of the radius (d = 2r)
- A cone is 1/3 the size of a cylinder or a cylinder is 3 times the size of a cone
- You would need to know the area of the circle to know the size of the top and bottom of a cylinder (Area of a circle = πr^2)

Summarize: When there is about 15 minutes of class time left, bring the class back together and have students independently complete the "What I Learned" column of the KWL chart. After about 2-3 minutes, have students turn to their partner and discuss their learnings for 2 more minutes. Bring the whole class together and collectively complete the "What I learned" column on the class chart. Lastly, give students two post it notes each and ask them to solve two problems that are on the board (one on each post it). Students are to leave each post it next to its corresponding problem on the board as they exit the classroom for the day.

Career Application(s):

- Farming
- Gardening/landscaping
- Chefs/Bakers
- Machinists

Leadership/21st Century Skills:

21st Century Interdisciplinary themes (Check those that apply to the above activity.) Global Awareness Financial/Economic/Business/Entrepreneurial Literacy Health/Safety Literacy Environmental Literacy				
21st Century Skills (Check those that stud	dents will demonstrate in the above act	tivity.)		
LEARNING AND INNOVATION Creativity and Innovation ☐ Think Creatively ☐ Work Creatively with Others ☐ Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Problem Solving ☐ Reason Effectively ☐ Use Systems Thinking ☐ Make Judgments and Decisions ☐ Solve Problems Communication and Collaboration ☐ Communicate Clearly ☐ Collaborate with Others	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS Information Literacy Access and Evaluate Information Use and manage Information Media Literacy Analyze Media Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) Apply Technology Effectively	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS Flexibility and Adaptability Adapt to Change Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural Interact Effectively with Others Work Effectively in Diverse Teams	Productivity and Accountability ☐ Manage Projects ☐ Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility ☐ Guide and Lead Others ☐ Be Responsible to Others	

Name:	Date:	Period:
name	Date:	Period:

Entry Task

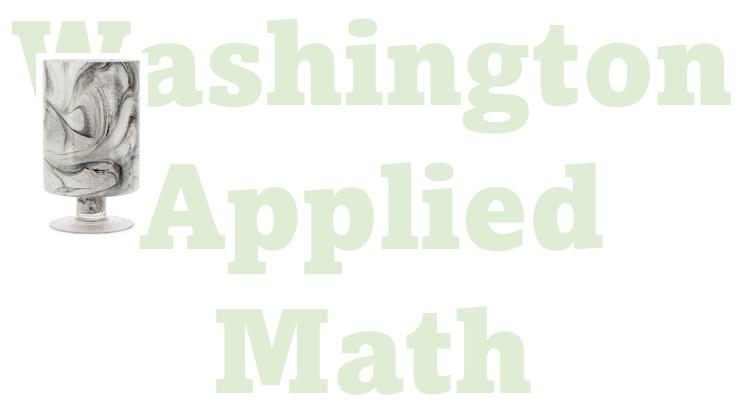
Problem: I want to make a candle out of a pretty container that was gifted to me. How much wax do I need to fill the container?



What I	What I	What I
Know	Wonder	Learned
		27
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Examples

1. I want to make a candle out of a pretty container that was gifted to me. How much wax do I need to fill the container?



2. The height and diameter of a cone-shaped storage tank are 9 feet and 14 feet respectively. Find the volume of liquid the tank can hold.

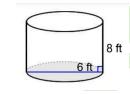
Council

Name:	Date:	Period:	

Rally Coach

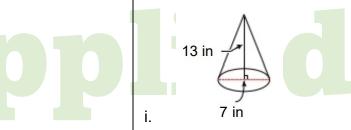
Choose who will be Partner A and Partner B. Partner A will solve the problems marked A, with Partner B coaching them through if they get stuck. Partner B is NOT allowed a pencil during this time. Then, switch for the problems marked B. When all sections are done, please raise your hand for a check in with the teacher.

- A. Calculate the Volume. Be sure to show all work.
- B. Calculate the Volume. Be sure to show all work.

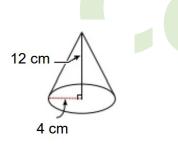


i.

ii.



Math



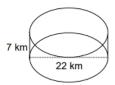


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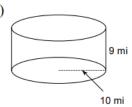
Independent Practice

Find the volume of each figure. Round your answers to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

1)



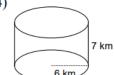
2)



3)

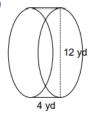


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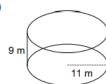


Find the volume of each figure. Leave your answers in terms of π .

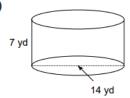
5)



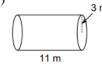
6)



7)



8)



Find the volume of each figure. Round your answers to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

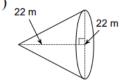
9)



10)



11)



12)

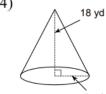


Find the volume of each figure. Leave your answers in terms of π . Use fractions instead of decimals, when necessary.

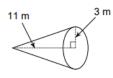
13)



14)



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16)

