WAMC Lab Template

Math Concept(s): Exponential Growth and Decay

Source / Text: DESMOS

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Date: Summer Conference 2019

Attach the following documents:

- Lab Instructions
- Student Handout(s)
- Rubric and/or Assessment Tool

Short Description (Be sure to include where in your instruction this lab takes place):

Lab Plan

Lab Title: Folding and M&M's

Prerequisite skills: Counting, creating a table on DESMOS or on paper

Lab objective: Students will recognize exponential growth and decay as a common ratio.

<u>Standards: (Note SPECIFIC relationship to Science, Technology, and/or Engineering)</u>
Mathematics K–12 Learning Standards:

• F-LE-1c: Recognize situations in which a quantity grows or decays by a constant percent rate per unit interval relative to another.

Standards for Mathematical Practice:

- SMP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- SMP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- SMP4 Model with mathematics.
- SMP5 Use appropriate tools strategically.
- SMP8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

K-12 Learning Standards-ELA (Reading, Writing, Speaking & Listening):

- SL.9-10.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.
- SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.
- SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

K-12 Science Standards

 HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

Technology

• 3.d. Students build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems,

- developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.
- 5.a. Students formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
- 5.b. Students collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decisionmaking.

Engineering

• HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.

Leadership/21st Century Skills:

21st Century Interdisciplinary themes (Check those that apply to the above activity.) Global Awareness								
21st Century Skills (Check those that studen	nts will demonstrate in the above activity.)							
LEARNING AND INNOVATION	INFORMATION, MEDIA &	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	Productivity and					
Creativity and Innovation	TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	Flexibility and Adaptability	Accountability					
☐ Think Creatively	Information Literacy	Adapt to Change	☐ Manage Projects					
☐ Work Creatively with Others	Access and Evaluate Information	☐ Be Flexible	☐ X Produce Results					
☐ Implement Innovations	☐ X Use and manage Information	Initiative and Self-Direction	Leadership and					
Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	Media Literacy	☐ Manage Goals and Time	Responsibility					
☐ X Reason Effectively	☐ Analyze Media	X Work Independently	☐ Guide and Lead					
X Use Systems Thinking	☐ Create Media Products	X Be Self-Directed Learners	Others					
☐ Make Judgments and Decisions	Information, Communications and	Social and Cross-Cultural	☐ X Be Responsible					
☐ X Solve Problems	Technology (ICT Literacy)		to Others					
Communication and Collaboration		☐ Work Effectively in Diverse Teams						
☐ X Communicate Clearly								
☐ Collaborate with Others								

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Teacher Preparation: (What materials and set-up are required for this lab?)

Materials

- Different types of paper (i.e. tissue paper, construction paper, printer paper, wrapping paper)
- Small cups
- M&M's
- Paper towels
- Student record sheet



 If you want all students to start with the same amount of M&Ms, you should get the cups filled before class starts.

Lab Organization Strategies:

Leadership (Connect to 21st Century Skills selected):

- Reason Effectively
- Use Systems Thinking
- Solve Problems
- Communicate Clearly
- Use and manage information
- Apply Technology Effectively
- Work Independently
- Be Self-Directed Learners
- Interact Effectively with Others
- Produce Results
- Be Responsible to Others

Cooperative Learning:

• Students will be sharing their data with their classmates. They will also be responsible for collaborating by sharing their representations and developing a mathematical equation.

Expectations:

• Students will accurately count how many sections of paper after each fold and enter data on the record sheet. Students will then use DESMOS to analyze different representations. Students will wait to eat the M&Ms until they are done with the trials.

Timeline:

This lab should take 50 minutes.

Post Lab Follow-Up/Conclusions:

Discuss real world application of learning from lab

What situations can be modeled by exponential growth and decay?

Career Applications

Investor

- Banker
- Purchaser
- Sales person

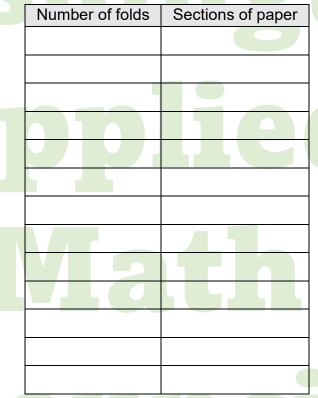
Optional or Extension Activities

• What would you choose lesson plan. Have students choose whether they would prefer a million dollars, or a penny doubled every day for 30 days.

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Part I:

- 1. How many times do you think you can fold a piece of paper?
- 2. Try it out. Try different types of paper. Record your highest number of folds.
- 3. Record your data:



- 4. Use DESMOS to record your data within a table to plot your data points.
- 5. What do you notice about your table and graph?
- 6. Record your noticings and wonderings. Be ready to share your ideas with the whole class.

Part II:

- 1. Count the total number of M&Ms that you have. Record this number in the trial # 0.
- 2. This time when you shake the cup and dump out the M&Ms, <u>remove</u> the M&Ms with the "M" showing. Record the M&M population.
- 3. Continue this process and fill in the table. You are done when you have completed 10 phases –OR- when your M&M population gets below 4. Do NOT record 0 as the population.

Trial #	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
M&M											
Population											

- 4. Use DESMOS to create a graph representing your data. What are your independent and dependent variables?
- 5. What do you notice and wonder?
- 6. Why do you think you are NOT supposed to reduce the number of M&Ms all the way to zero? Explain your thinking.

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Folding and M&Ms - Grading Rubric

	Great job!	Almost there	Getting there	Missing
	(3 points)	(2 points)	(1 points)	(o points)
Part I:				
Records number of folds and sections of paper.			JU	
Creates a table of values using DESMOS.				
Makes connections between the table and graph.				
Part II:				
Records total number of M&Ms after each trial.				
Uses DESMOS to create a graph to represent data.				
Identifies independent and dependent variables.				
Understands why there is no o for total M&Ms.				
Overall:				
Communicates clearly and uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary.				
Attends to precision in equations and graphs.				
Uses appropriate tools strategically.				
Total:				